

Thinking Outside the Box:

Evaluating a virtual classroom model to deliver HIV primary care education to physicians & nurse practitioners across Saskatchewan



Authors: Amanda Galambos, Siddharth Kogilwaimath, Kris Stewart

¹Saskatchewan Infectious Disease Care Network (SIDCN)

²Saskatchewan Health Authority, ³Department of Medicine, University of Saskatchewan,

Questions or comments:
<u>Amanda.Galambos@sidcn.ca</u>
www.sidcn.ca







29th Annual Canadian Conference on HIV / AIDS Research

29° Congrés annuel canadien de recherche sure le VIH/sida

Conflict of Interest Disclosures

Amanda Galambos: I have no conflicts of interest

Siddharth Kogilwaimath: I have the following potential conflicts of interest: Gilead Sciences, & Merck (Advisory Boards), ViiV (Grant)

Kris Stewart: I have the following potential conflicts of interest: ViiV, Merck, Gilead & AbbVie (Research Grants)

HIV Virtual Classroom (VC)

- A novel education model created by SIDCN in 2018 to increase the capacity of primary care providers to test, treat, and manage HIV in Saskatchewan.
- The VC uses an online platform to deliver live accredited continuing medical education (CMEs) to physicians and nurse practitioners seeking best practices for delivering HIV primary care.
- Presentations are facilitated by local Infectious Disease Care
 Specialists and HIV experienced physicians.
- Presentation Topics
 - 1. HIV Diagnosis & First Visit
 - 2. HIV Treatment Start on Naïve Patients
 - 3. Managing Treatment & Long Term HIV Care
 - 4. HIV Special Populations
- After attending the four 2-hour presentations, graduates are encouraged to participate in HIV preceptorship opportunities coordinated by SIDCN and become approved anti-retroviral (ARV) prescribers.







Evaluation Surveys

- 7 VC sessions were delivered between May 2018 and March 2020 with a total of 62 primary care providers located across 14 different communities in Saskatchewan.
- A post-participation evaluation survey was developed to determine whether participants increased their knowledge of HIV primary care.
- A follow-up survey was sent to all VC graduates several months after completing the VC to assess the impact of the VC their clinical practices.
- Surveys were distributed by email and the data were analyzed using descriptive techniques.

Figure 1: Provincial Reach of the HIV Virtual Classroom

Key Results

Post-participation evaluation survey

- A total of 38 post-participation surveys (62% response rate) were collected.
- Of those surveyed:
 - 100% indicated the VC "enhanced their knowledge of HIV primary care" and they will "use the education in their clinical practice"
 - 97% strongly agreed or agreed they learnt "when to order an HIV test and interpret results"
 - 95% strongly agreed or agreed to; "learning how to assess readiness to start ARV medication"
- Participants self-reported that as a result of attending the VC they will increase HIV testing and initiating ARV medication treatment
- After completing the VC, 24% of participants became approved ARV prescribers in Saskatchewan.





Key Results





- A total of 21 surveys (34% response rate) were collected.
- Of those surveyed:
 - 90% of respondents reported using knowledge from the VC to inform others;
 - 81% indicated several changes occurred to their practice as a direct result of attending the VC.
- The top five changes reported by participants were:
 - Feeling more comfortable recognizing HIV and ARV therapy complications (86%);
 - Feeling more comfortable providing primary care to people living with HIV (81%);
 - Developing a better understanding of ARV therapy and HIV treatment (81%);
 - Feeling more comfortable recognizing a patient with an opportunistic infection (77%); and
 - Feeling more comfortable discussing the results of HIV testing (72%).



Conclusion & Next Steps

- Findings suggest that HIV Virtual Classroom is an effective model for educating primary care providers and enrolling new ARV prescribers in Saskatchewan.
- What makes this project unique:
 - Novel education model offering live interaction with local HIV experts;
 - Case studies are reflective of SK HIV trends and highlight local resources;
 - Creates connections between local HIV specialists and primary care providers;
 - Identifies rural and remote physicians who need support and can expand their practices by incorporating HIV primary care.
- Based on the positive response, 6 additional cohorts will occur between April 1, 2020-March 31, 2022.
- The VC model is currently being adapted to create a new Hepatitis C Virtual Classroom to address the growing need for HCV care in the province.





Image: https://miro.medium.com/max/3722/1*7QBa5P0YVjqnpimZzhLNHQ.jpeg